



IEC 61937-1

Edition 3.0 2021-02
REDLINE VERSION

INTERNATIONAL STANDARD



Digital audio – Interface for non-linear PCM Encoded audio bitstreams applying
IEC 60958 –
Part 1: General

INTERNATIONAL
ELECTROTECHNICAL
COMMISSION

ICS 33.160.30

ISBN 978-2-8322-9502-1

Warning! Make sure that you obtained this publication from an authorized distributor.

CONTENTS

FOREWORD	4
INTRODUCTION (to Amendment 1)	
1 Scope	7
2 Normative references	7
3 Terms, definitions, abbreviations and and presentation	7
3.1 Terms and definitions	8
3.2 Abbreviations	
3.2.1 Presentation convention	9
4 General description	10
5 Interface format	10
6 Mapping of the audio bitstream on to IEC 60958	10
6.1 Coding of the bitstream	10
6.2 Burst-payload	17
6.3 Stuffing	17
7 Format of data-bursts	18
7.1 General	18
7.2 Pause data-burst	19
7.3 Audio data-bursts	22
7.4 Null data-burst	22
Annex A (normative) Channel status when IEC 60958 is used in consumer applications	23
Annex B (informative) Monaural linear PCM audio sample simultaneous transferred with non-linear PCM encoded audio bitstream	24
Bibliography	
Figure 1 – IEC 60958 interface format	11
Figure 2 – Data-burst format	13
Figure 3 – Burst-preamble	13
Figure 4 – Burst-preamble with extended preamble	15
Figure 5 – Length of the burst-payload specified by Pd	17
Figure 6 – Burst spacing	17
Figure 7 – Flow chart of transmission of a bitstream	19
Figure 8 – Bridging gaps in-between data-bursts with three pause data-bursts	20
Figure 9 – Data-burst format of the data-type pause	21
Figure 10 – Null data-burst	22
Figure B.1 – Frame and Block structure	24
Figure B.2 – Example 1: Frame and Block structure @ 48 kHz IEC 60958 frame rate	25
Figure B.3 – Example 2: Frame and Block structure @ 192 kHz IEC 60958 frame rate	25
Table 1 – Bit allocation of the IEC 60958 frame	11
Table 2 – Bit allocation of data-burst in IEC 60958 subframes	12
Table 3 – Burst-preamble words	14
Table 4 – Bit map of burst-preambles	14

Table 5 – Fields of burst-info	14
Table 6 – Burst-preamble words	15
Table 7 – Fields of Pe (extended data-type).....	15
Table 8 – Fields of Pf.....	16
Table 9 – Values of data-type-dependent info of the pause data-burst	21
Table 10 – Burst-payload of pause data-burst.....	21
Table 11 – Fields of a null data-burst.....	22
Table A.1 – Allocation of the channel status bits	23
Table B.1 – Relationship between sampling frequency for monaural linear PCM and IEC 60958 frame rate for non-linear PCM	26

INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

DIGITAL AUDIO – INTERFACE FOR NON-LINEAR PCM ENCODED AUDIO BITSTREAMS APPLYING IEC 60958 –

Part 1: General

FOREWORD

- 1) The International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) is a worldwide organization for standardization comprising all national electrotechnical committees (IEC National Committees). The object of IEC is to promote international co-operation on all questions concerning standardization in the electrical and electronic fields. To this end and in addition to other activities, IEC publishes International Standards, Technical Specifications, Technical Reports, Publicly Available Specifications (PAS) and Guides (hereafter referred to as "IEC Publication(s)"). Their preparation is entrusted to technical committees; any IEC National Committee interested in the subject dealt with may participate in this preparatory work. International, governmental and non-governmental organizations liaising with the IEC also participate in this preparation. IEC collaborates closely with the International Organization for Standardization (ISO) in accordance with conditions determined by agreement between the two organizations.
- 2) The formal decisions or agreements of IEC on technical matters express, as nearly as possible, an international consensus of opinion on the relevant subjects since each technical committee has representation from all interested IEC National Committees.
- 3) IEC Publications have the form of recommendations for international use and are accepted by IEC National Committees in that sense. While all reasonable efforts are made to ensure that the technical content of IEC Publications is accurate, IEC cannot be held responsible for the way in which they are used or for any misinterpretation by any end user.
- 4) In order to promote international uniformity, IEC National Committees undertake to apply IEC Publications transparently to the maximum extent possible in their national and regional publications. Any divergence between any IEC Publication and the corresponding national or regional publication shall be clearly indicated in the latter.
- 5) IEC itself does not provide any attestation of conformity. Independent certification bodies provide conformity assessment services and, in some areas, access to IEC marks of conformity. IEC is not responsible for any services carried out by independent certification bodies.
- 6) All users should ensure that they have the latest edition of this publication.
- 7) No liability shall attach to IEC or its directors, employees, servants or agents including individual experts and members of its technical committees and IEC National Committees for any personal injury, property damage or other damage of any nature whatsoever, whether direct or indirect, or for costs (including legal fees) and expenses arising out of the publication, use of, or reliance upon, this IEC Publication or any other IEC Publications.
- 8) Attention is drawn to the Normative references cited in this publication. Use of the referenced publications is indispensable for the correct application of this publication.
- 9) Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this IEC Publication may be the subject of patent rights. IEC shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

This redline version of the official IEC Standard allows the user to identify the changes made to the previous edition IEC 61937-1:2007+AMD1:2011. A vertical bar appears in the margin wherever a change has been made. Additions are in green text, deletions are in strikethrough red text.

IEC 61937-1 has been prepared by technical area 20: Analogue and digital audio, of IEC technical committee 100: Audio, video and multimedia systems and equipment. It is an International Standard.

This third edition cancels and replaces the second edition published in 2007, and amendment 1 published in 2011. This edition constitutes a technical revision.

This edition includes the following significant technical changes with respect to the previous edition:

- a) Activation of Pe field;
- b) Enhanced usage of channel status bits.
- c) Addition of Annex B.

The text of this International Standard is based on the following documents:

Draft	Report on voting
100/3447/CDV	100/3522/RVC

Full information on the voting for its approval can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table.

The language used for the development of this International Standard is English.

This document was drafted in accordance with ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2, and developed in accordance with ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1 and ISO/IEC Directives, IEC Supplement, available at www.iec.ch/members_experts/refdocs. The main document types developed by IEC are described in greater detail at www.iec.ch/standardsdev/publications.

The list of all the parts of IEC 61937, under the general title *Digital audio – Interface for non-linear PCM encoded audio bitstreams applying IEC 60958*, can be found on the IEC website.

The committee has decided that the contents of this document will remain unchanged until the stability date indicated on the IEC website under webstore.iec.ch in the data related to the specific document. At this date, the document will be

- reconfirmed,
- withdrawn,
- replaced by a revised edition, or
- amended.

IMPORTANT – The 'colour inside' logo on the cover page of this publication indicates that it contains colours which are considered to be useful for the correct understanding of its contents. Users should therefore print this document using a colour printer.

The contents of the corrigendum 1 (2024-03) have been included in this copy.

INTRODUCTION

(to Amendment 1)

~~The revision of IEC 61937-1 (2007) has become necessary to specify the additional definition of length code. Amendment 1 contains the following significant technical changes with respect to the base publication (IEC 61937-1, second edition).~~

- ~~— New 8 bytes unit definition of length code is added.~~
- ~~— An erratum in Clause 7 as for indication of the burst payload type is corrected.~~

**DIGITAL AUDIO –
INTERFACE FOR NON-LINEAR PCM ENCODED
AUDIO BITSTREAMS APPLYING IEC 60958 –**

Part 1: General

1 Scope

This part of IEC 61937 applies to the digital audio interface using the IEC 60958 series for the conveying of non-linear PCM encoded audio bitstreams.

It describes the way in which this digital interface can be used in consumer applications.

The professional mode (~~AES/EBU~~) is not considered within the scope of this document.

2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

~~IEC 60958 (all parts), Digital audio interface~~

IEC 60958-1, *Digital audio interface – Part 1: General*

IEC 60958-3, *Digital audio interface – Part 3: Consumer applications*

IEC 60958-5, *Digital audio interface – Part 5: Consumer application enhancement*

~~IEC 61937 (all parts), Digital audio – Interface for non-linear PCM encoded audio bitstreams applying IEC 60958~~

IEC 61937-2, *Digital audio – Interface for non-linear PCM encoded audio bitstreams applying IEC 60958 – Part 2: Burst-info*

INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

NORME INTERNATIONALE



Digital audio – Interface for non-linear PCM Encoded audio bitstreams applying
IEC 60958 –
Part 1: General

Audionumérique – Interface pour les flux de bits audio à codage MIC non
linéaire selon l'IEC 60958 –
Partie 1: Généralités



CONTENTS

FOREWORD	4
1 Scope	6
2 Normative references	6
3 Terms, definitions, and presentation	6
3.1 Terms and definitions.....	6
3.2 Presentation convention.....	8
4 General description	8
5 Interface format	8
6 Mapping of the audio bitstream on to IEC 60958.....	9
6.1 Coding of the bitstream	9
6.2 Burst-payload	14
6.3 Stuffing	15
7 Format of data-bursts	15
7.1 General.....	15
7.2 Pause data-burst	16
7.3 Audio data-bursts.....	19
7.4 Null data-burst	19
Annex A (normative) Channel status when IEC 60958 is used in consumer applications	20
Annex B (informative) Monaural linear PCM audio sample simultaneous transferred with non-linear PCM encoded audio bitstream	21
 Figure 1 – IEC 60958 interface format	9
Figure 2 – Data-burst format.....	11
Figure 3 – Burst-preamble	11
Figure 4 – Burst-preamble with extended preamble	13
Figure 5 – Length of the burst-payload specified by Pd	14
Figure 6 – Burst spacing	15
Figure 7 – Flow chart of transmission of a bitstream	16
Figure 8 – Bridging gaps in-between data-bursts with three pause data-bursts	17
Figure 9 – Data-burst format of the data-type pause	18
Figure 10 – Null data-burst	19
Figure B.1 – Frame and Block structure	21
Figure B.2 – Example 1: Frame and Block structure @ 48 kHz IEC 60958 frame rate	22
Figure B.3 – Example 2: Frame and Block structure @ 192 kHz IEC 60958 frame rate	22
 Table 1 – Bit allocation of the IEC 60958 frame	9
Table 2 – Bit allocation of data-burst in IEC 60958 subframes	10
Table 3 – Burst-preamble words	12
Table 4 – Bit map of burst-preambles	12
Table 5 – Fields of burst-info	12
Table 6 – Burst-preamble words	13
Table 7 – Fields of Pe (extended data-type).....	13

Table 8 – Fields of Pf.....	13
Table 9 – Values of data-type-dependent info of the pause data-burst	18
Table 10 – Burst-payload of pause data-burst.....	18
Table 11 – Fields of a null data-burst.....	19
Table A.1 – Allocation of the channel status bits	20
Table B.1 – Relationship between sampling frequency for monaural linear PCM and IEC 60958 frame rate for non-linear PCM	23

INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

DIGITAL AUDIO – INTERFACE FOR NON-LINEAR PCM ENCODED AUDIO BITSTREAMS APPLYING IEC 60958 –

Part 1: General

FOREWORD

- 1) The International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) is a worldwide organization for standardization comprising all national electrotechnical committees (IEC National Committees). The object of IEC is to promote international co-operation on all questions concerning standardization in the electrical and electronic fields. To this end and in addition to other activities, IEC publishes International Standards, Technical Specifications, Technical Reports, Publicly Available Specifications (PAS) and Guides (hereafter referred to as "IEC Publication(s)"). Their preparation is entrusted to technical committees; any IEC National Committee interested in the subject dealt with may participate in this preparatory work. International, governmental and non-governmental organizations liaising with the IEC also participate in this preparation. IEC collaborates closely with the International Organization for Standardization (ISO) in accordance with conditions determined by agreement between the two organizations.
- 2) The formal decisions or agreements of IEC on technical matters express, as nearly as possible, an international consensus of opinion on the relevant subjects since each technical committee has representation from all interested IEC National Committees.
- 3) IEC Publications have the form of recommendations for international use and are accepted by IEC National Committees in that sense. While all reasonable efforts are made to ensure that the technical content of IEC Publications is accurate, IEC cannot be held responsible for the way in which they are used or for any misinterpretation by any end user.
- 4) In order to promote international uniformity, IEC National Committees undertake to apply IEC Publications transparently to the maximum extent possible in their national and regional publications. Any divergence between any IEC Publication and the corresponding national or regional publication shall be clearly indicated in the latter.
- 5) IEC itself does not provide any attestation of conformity. Independent certification bodies provide conformity assessment services and, in some areas, access to IEC marks of conformity. IEC is not responsible for any services carried out by independent certification bodies.
- 6) All users should ensure that they have the latest edition of this publication.
- 7) No liability shall attach to IEC or its directors, employees, servants or agents including individual experts and members of its technical committees and IEC National Committees for any personal injury, property damage or other damage of any nature whatsoever, whether direct or indirect, or for costs (including legal fees) and expenses arising out of the publication, use of, or reliance upon, this IEC Publication or any other IEC Publications.
- 8) Attention is drawn to the Normative references cited in this publication. Use of the referenced publications is indispensable for the correct application of this publication.
- 9) Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this IEC Publication may be the subject of patent rights. IEC shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

IEC 61937-1 has been prepared by technical area 20: Analogue and digital audio, of IEC technical committee 100: Audio, video and multimedia systems and equipment. It is an International Standard.

This third edition cancels and replaces the second edition published in 2007, and amendment 1 published in 2011. This edition constitutes a technical revision.

This edition includes the following significant technical changes with respect to the previous edition:

- a) Activation of Pe field;
- b) Enhanced usage of channel status bits.
- c) Addition of Annex B.

The text of this International Standard is based on the following documents:

Draft	Report on voting
100/3447/CDV	100/3522/RVC

Full information on the voting for its approval can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table.

The language used for the development of this International Standard is English.

This document was drafted in accordance with ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2, and developed in accordance with ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1 and ISO/IEC Directives, IEC Supplement, available at www.iec.ch/members_experts/refdocs. The main document types developed by IEC are described in greater detail at www.iec.ch/standardsdev/publications.

The list of all the parts of IEC 61937, under the general title *Digital audio – Interface for non-linear PCM encoded audio bitstreams applying IEC 60958*, can be found on the IEC website.

The committee has decided that the contents of this document will remain unchanged until the stability date indicated on the IEC website under webstore.iec.ch in the data related to the specific document. At this date, the document will be

- reconfirmed,
- withdrawn,
- replaced by a revised edition, or
- amended.

IMPORTANT – The 'colour inside' logo on the cover page of this publication indicates that it contains colours which are considered to be useful for the correct understanding of its contents. Users should therefore print this document using a colour printer.

The contents of the corrigendum 1 (2024-03) have been included in this copy.

**DIGITAL AUDIO –
INTERFACE FOR NON-LINEAR PCM ENCODED
AUDIO BITSTREAMS APPLYING IEC 60958 –**

Part 1: General

1 Scope

This part of IEC 61937 applies to the digital audio interface using the IEC 60958 series for the conveying of non-linear PCM encoded audio bitstreams.

It describes the way in which this digital interface can be used in consumer applications.

The professional mode is not considered within the scope of this document.

2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

IEC 60958-1, *Digital audio interface – Part 1: General*

IEC 60958-3, *Digital audio interface – Part 3: Consumer applications*

IEC 60958-5, *Digital audio interface – Part 5: Consumer application enhancement*

IEC 61937-2, *Digital audio – Interface for non-linear PCM encoded audio bitstreams applying IEC 60958 – Part 2: Burst-info*

SOMMAIRE

AVANT-PROPOS	26
1 Domaine d'application	28
2 Références normatives	28
3 Termes, définitions et présentation	28
3.1 Termes et définitions	28
3.2 Convention de présentation	30
4 Description générale.....	30
5 Format d'interface.....	31
6 Mapping du flux de bits audio sur l'interface IEC 60958	31
6.1 Codage du flux de bits	31
6.2 Charge utile de la salve	37
6.3 Bourrage.....	37
7 Format des salves de données	38
7.1 Généralités	38
7.2 Salve de données de type Pause	39
7.3 Salves de données audio	42
7.4 Salve de données de valeur nulle	42
Annexe A (normative) Voie de signalisation lorsque l'IEC 60958 est utilisée dans les applications grand public	44
Annexe B (informative) Echantillon audio MIC linéaire monaural transféré simultanément avec un flux de bits audio à codage MIC non linéaire	45
 Figure 1 – Format de l'interface IEC 60958	31
Figure 2 – Format d'une salve de données.....	33
Figure 3 – Préambule de la salve.....	34
Figure 4 – Préambule de salve avec un préambule étendu	35
Figure 5 – Longueur de la charge utile de la salve spécifiée par Pd	37
Figure 6 – Intervalle entre les salves	38
Figure 7 – Organigramme de la transmission d'un flux de bits.....	39
Figure 8 – Recouvrement des intervalles entre les salves avec trois salves de données de type Pause.....	40
Figure 9 – Format d'une salve de données de type Pause	41
Figure 10 – Salve de données de valeur nulle.....	42
Figure B.1 – Structure des trames et des blocs	45
Figure B.2 – Exemple 1: structure des trames et des blocs à la fréquence de trame IEC 60958 de 48 kHz	46
Figure B.3 – Exemple 2: structure des trames et des blocs à la fréquence de trame IEC 60958 de 192 kHz	46
 Tableau 1 – Attribution des bits de la trame IEC 60958	32
Tableau 2 – Attribution des bits d'une salve de données dans des sous-trames IEC 60958.....	32
Tableau 3 – Mots du préambule de la salve	34
Tableau 4 – Table des bits des préambules de salve	34

Tableau 5 – Champs des informations relatives à la salve	35
Tableau 6 – Mots du préambule de la salve	36
Tableau 7 – Champs de Pe (type de données étendu)	36
Tableau 8 – Champs de Pf.....	36
Tableau 9 – Valeurs des informations dépendantes du type de données pour les salves de données de type Pause.....	41
Tableau 10 – Charge utile de la salve de données de type Pause.....	42
Tableau 11 – Champs d'une salve de données de valeur nulle	43
Tableau A.1 – Attribution des bits de la voie de signalisation	44
Tableau B.1 – Relation entre la fréquence d'échantillonnage des échantillons MIC linéaires monauraux et la fréquence de trame IEC 60958 pour les flux de bits audio à codage MIC non linéaire	47

COMMISSION ÉLECTROTECHNIQUE INTERNATIONALE

AUDIONUMÉRIQUE – INTERFACE POUR LES FLUX DE BITS AUDIO À CODAGE MIC NON LINÉAIRE SELON L'IEC 60958 –

Partie 1: Généralités

AVANT-PROPOS

- 1) La Commission Electrotechnique Internationale (IEC) est une organisation mondiale de normalisation composée de l'ensemble des comités électrotechniques nationaux (Comités nationaux de l'IEC). L'IEC a pour objet de favoriser la coopération internationale pour toutes les questions de normalisation dans les domaines de l'électricité et de l'électronique. A cet effet, l'IEC – entre autres activités – publie des Normes internationales, des Spécifications techniques, des Rapports techniques, des Spécifications accessibles au public (PAS) et des Guides (ci-après dénommés "Publication(s) de l'IEC"). Leur élaboration est confiée à des comités d'études, aux travaux desquels tout Comité national intéressé par le sujet traité peut participer. Les organisations internationales, gouvernementales et non gouvernementales, en liaison avec l'IEC, participent également aux travaux. L'IEC collabore étroitement avec l'Organisation Internationale de Normalisation (ISO), selon des conditions fixées par accord entre les deux organisations.
- 2) Les décisions ou accords officiels de l'IEC concernant les questions techniques représentent, dans la mesure du possible, un accord international sur les sujets étudiés, étant donné que les Comités nationaux de l'IEC intéressés sont représentés dans chaque comité d'études.
- 3) Les Publications de l'IEC se présentent sous la forme de recommandations internationales et sont agréées comme telles par les Comités nationaux de l'IEC. Tous les efforts raisonnables sont entrepris afin que l'IEC s'assure de l'exactitude du contenu technique de ses publications; l'IEC ne peut pas être tenue responsable de l'éventuelle mauvaise utilisation ou interprétation qui en est faite par un quelconque utilisateur final.
- 4) Dans le but d'encourager l'uniformité internationale, les Comités nationaux de l'IEC s'engagent, dans toute la mesure possible, à appliquer de façon transparente les Publications de l'IEC dans leurs publications nationales et régionales. Toutes divergences entre toutes Publications de l'IEC et toutes publications nationales ou régionales correspondantes doivent être indiquées en termes clairs dans ces dernières.
- 5) L'IEC elle-même ne fournit aucune attestation de conformité. Des organismes de certification indépendants fournissent des services d'évaluation de conformité et, dans certains secteurs, accèdent aux marques de conformité de l'IEC. L'IEC n'est responsable d'aucun des services effectués par les organismes de certification indépendants.
- 6) Tous les utilisateurs doivent s'assurer qu'ils sont en possession de la dernière édition de cette publication.
- 7) Aucune responsabilité ne doit être imputée à l'IEC, à ses administrateurs, employés, auxiliaires ou mandataires, y compris ses experts particuliers et les membres de ses comités d'études et des Comités nationaux de l'IEC, pour tout préjudice causé en cas de dommages corporels et matériels, ou de tout autre dommage de quelque nature que ce soit, directe ou indirecte, ou pour supporter les coûts (y compris les frais de justice) et les dépenses découlant de la publication ou de l'utilisation de cette Publication de l'IEC ou de toute autre Publication de l'IEC, ou au crédit qui lui est accordé.
- 8) L'attention est attirée sur les références normatives citées dans cette publication. L'utilisation de publications référencées est obligatoire pour une application correcte de la présente publication.
- 9) L'attention est attirée sur le fait que certains des éléments de la présente Publication de l'IEC peuvent faire l'objet de droits de brevet. L'IEC ne saurait être tenue pour responsable de ne pas avoir identifié de tels droits de brevets et de ne pas avoir signalé leur existence.

L'IEC 61937-1 a été établie par le domaine technique 20: Audio analogique et numérique, du comité d'études 100 de l'IEC: Systèmes et équipements audio, vidéo et services de données. Il s'agit d'une Norme internationale.

Cette troisième édition annule et remplace la deuxième édition parue en 2007 et l'Amendement 1:2011. Cette édition constitue une révision technique.

Cette édition inclut les modifications techniques majeures suivantes par rapport à l'édition précédente:

- a) activation du champ Pe;
- b) utilisation élargie de la voie de signalisation;
- c) ajout de l'Annexe B.

Le texte de cette Norme internationale est issu des documents suivants:

Projet	Rapport de vote
100/3447/CDV	100/3522/RVC

Le rapport de vote indiqué dans le tableau ci-dessus donne toute information sur le vote ayant abouti à l'approbation de cette norme.

La langue employée pour l'élaboration de cette Norme internationale est l'anglais.

Ce document a été rédigé selon les Directives ISO/IEC, Partie 2, il a été développé selon les Directives ISO/IEC, Partie 1 et les Directives ISO/IEC, Supplément IEC, disponibles sous www.iec.ch/members_experts/refdocs. Les principaux types de documents développés par l'IEC sont décrits plus en détail sous www.iec.ch/standardsdev/publications.

Une liste de toutes les parties de la série IEC 61937, publiées sous le titre général *Audionumérique – Interface pour les flux de bits audio à codage MIC non linéaire selon l'IEC 60958*, peut être consultée sur le site web de l'IEC.

Le comité a décidé que le contenu de ce document ne sera pas modifié avant la date de stabilité indiquée sur le site web de l'IEC sous webstore.iec.ch dans les données relatives au document recherché. A cette date, le document sera

- reconduit,
- supprimé,
- remplacé par une édition révisée, ou
- amendé.

IMPORTANT – Le logo "colour inside" qui se trouve sur la page de couverture de cette publication indique qu'elle contient des couleurs qui sont considérées comme utiles à une bonne compréhension de son contenu. Les utilisateurs devraient, par conséquent, imprimer cette publication en utilisant une imprimante couleur.

Le contenu du corrigendum 1 (2024-03) a été pris en considération dans cet exemplaire.

**AUDIONUMÉRIQUE –
INTERFACE POUR LES FLUX DE BITS AUDIO
À CODAGE MIC NON LINÉAIRE SELON L'IEC 60958 –**

Partie 1: Généralités

1 Domaine d'application

La présente partie de l'IEC 61937 s'applique à l'interface audionumérique conforme à la série IEC 60958 pour l'acheminement des flux de bits audio à codage MIC non linéaire.

Elle décrit comment cette interface numérique peut être utilisée dans les applications grand public.

Le domaine d'application du présent document ne couvre pas le mode professionnel.

2 Références normatives

Les documents suivants sont cités dans le texte de sorte qu'ils constituent, pour tout ou partie de leur contenu, des exigences du présent document. Pour les références datées, seule l'édition citée s'applique. Pour les références non datées, la dernière édition du document de référence s'applique (y compris les éventuels amendements).

IEC 60958-1, *Interface audionumérique – Partie 1: Généralités*

IEC 60958-3, *Digital audio interface – Part 3: Consumer applications* (disponible en anglais seulement)

IEC 60958-5, *Interface audionumérique – Partie 5: Amélioration de l'application grand public*

IEC 61937-2, *Digital audio – Interface for non-linear PCM encoded audio bitstreams applying IEC 60958 – Part 2: Burst-info* (disponible en anglais seulement)